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IN INSULAR POSSESSIONS.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

Cholera—Manila.

Cholera has been notified in Manila as follows: Week ended September 26, 1914, 74 cases with 38 deaths, with the addition of 15 cases with 9 deaths confirmed from previous weeks.

Asst. Surg. Duffy, of the United States Public Health Service, acting chief quarantine officer for the Philippine Islands, reported September 30:

The cholera situation in the city of Manila shows very little change. There has been a gradual increase in the number of cases, but the mortality has kept low. There has been practically no localization of the disease. Cases occur in every section of the city. The total number of cases of cholera in Manila since the outbreak of this epidemic is 327, with 190 deaths.

Cholera Carriers—Manila.

Carriers are still being found in large numbers. The facilities of the cholera hospitals have been taxed to their limit by the large number of cases and carriers under treatment, as high as 300 being in the San Lazaro Hospital on one day. Steerage passengers bound for the United States and Honolulu are required before embarkation to present certificates that they have been examined and found free from cholera organisms. The examination by this office of all the crews of river and harbor craft has been continued with the usual percentage of cholera carriers.

Cholera in the Provinces.

The Provinces show a diminution of centers of infection, but a rather sharp increase in the number of cases in several localities, especially in Union Province, about 150 miles from Manila.